

	Heat Units After Planting							
Planted:	15-Mar	1-Apr	15-Apr	1-May	15-May	1-Jun		
2021:	3050	2889	2629	2376	2073	1716	1)	
Normal:	2817	2657	2490	2250	1986	1621		
+/-Norm:	8	8	5	4	3	3	Days	
2020:	2963	2842	2683	2396	2075	1687	•	
Water Use:	2.08	2.09	2.09	2.09	2.05	1.60	"/wk	

			T	emperat	ure & Heat Units			
Last Week			This Week					
	Max	Min	HUs	Rain		Max	Min	HUs
Actual	102	77	200	0.01	2020	110	81	209
Normal	103	75	197		Normal	104	76	198

		Cotto	on Heat S	tress		
			Date			
7/26	7/27	7/28	7/29	7/30	7/31	8/1
NS	L1	L1	L1	L1	L1	L2

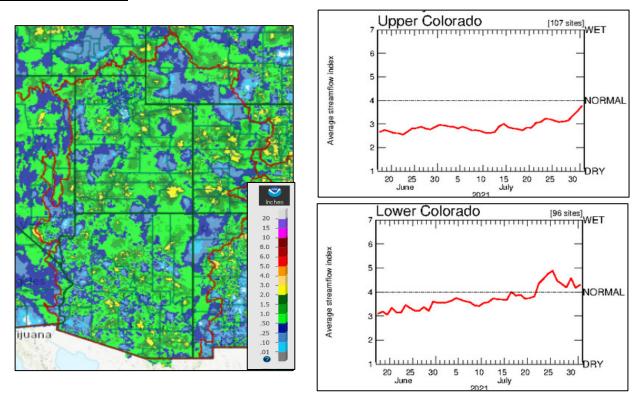
## **Weather Forecast**

Monsoon activity is expected to greatly diminish this week as high pressure develops over NV & western AZ. Expect rising temperatures & lower humidity levels, particularly across western AZ where daytime temperatures are expected to approach 115F. Precipitation will be limited & confined to the higher elevation areas of eastern AZ. The location of the high pressure system will adjust to more favorable position for monsoon ativity late in the week, resulting in slightly cooler temperatures, increased moisture & improved chances for precipitation by the weekend.

## **Agronomy Update**

We are experiencing a significant monsoon season & most AZ production areas are experiencing increased humidity, heat, & some rains. Like everything, the monsoon season comes as a "package deal" & it is important to watch out for several key aspects in the field. Monsoon conditions are commonly quite conducive to weed growth & the development of some plant diseases & insect populations (both harmful & beneficial). Excessive vegetative growth and/or a possible drop in fruit retention can be experienced. Rains can generate questions on irrigation management & it is good to check soil moisture directly in the field. Cotton plants will begin to experience water stress at ~ 55-60% plant-available water (PAW) in the soil, which is when most soil textures feel almost (but not quite) dry to the touch. Fields should be irrigated so that depletion does exceed 55-60% PAW. Rains can also push salts that have accumulated on the soil surface into the root zone & create an apparent "water-stress" effect on the plants. In that case, additional irrigation water can further leach the salts from the root zone.

## **Water Supply Update**



Last week's active monsoon pattern generated significant levels of precipitation across much of the Colorado Basin (left). Streamflow in the Upper Basin (upper right) increased but remains slightly below normal. Streamflow in the Lower Basin (lower right) continues to run slightly above normal. Sources: NOAA/NWS Advanced Hydrological Prediction Service and USGS Water Watch.